

**TYBA / SEM - VI**  
**PAPER NO. IV - HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (1526 A.D to 1707 A.D)**  
**PRACTICE QUESTION BANK**

- 1) Whom did Babur defeat in the battle of Ghoghra?
  - a. Nusrat Shah
  - b. Mahmud Lodhi and Nusrat Shah
  - c. Medini Rai
  - d. Medini Rai and Mahmud Lodhi
  
- 2) Which section of the army was given the credit of victory at Panipat by Babur?
  - a. Artillery
  - b. Infantry
  - c. Experts in Bow and Arrow
  - d. Elephantry
  
- 3) Name the ruler of Gujarat who was defeated by Akbar in 1572?
  - a. Mohammad Shah
  - b. Babur
  - c. Muzaffar Shah III
  - d. Sher Shah
  
- 4) Which of the following introduced a new mode of warfare that led to the popularization of gun Powder, cavalry, and artillery in India?
  - a. Akbar
  - b. Babur
  - c. Sher Shah Suri
  - d. Humayun
  
- 5) Battle of Chausa took place in which year?
  - a. 1530 A.D.
  - b. 1533 A.D.
  - c. 1536 A.D.
  - d. 1539 A.D.
  
- 6) Which of the following built the Buland Darwaza at Fatehpur Sikri in order to commemorate the victory over Gujarat?
  - a. Humayun
  - b. Akbar
  - c. Shahjahan
  - d. Aurangzeb

- 7) Which of the following were appointed to ensure the general observance of the rules of morality during the rule of the Mughal Empire?
- Mir Bakshi
  - Wakil
  - Muhtasibs
  - Wazir
- 8) Zabti or Bandobast system was introduced by which of the following?
- Babur
  - Humayun
  - Akbar
  - Shahjahan
- 9) Which of the following introduced the Mansabdari system in his administration?
- Akbar
  - Shahjahan
  - Jahangir
  - Aurangzeb
- 10) In which year, Akbar abolished the Jaziya?
- 1574
  - 1564
  - 1571
  - 1562
- 11) The first revolt of Shah Jahan's reign was that of
- Jujhar Singh
  - Bhim Narain
  - Bikramajit
  - Champak Rai
- 12) What was the Mughal court language?
- Turki
  - Persian
  - Urdu
  - Hindi
- 13). What was the title of the Mughal Prime Minister?
- Diwan
  - Muhtasib
  - Mir Baksh
  - Mansabdar

- 14) What was the Mughal Army Minister called?
- Diwan
  - Sadr
  - Mir Baksh
  - Shiqdar
- 15) The Minister who managed the imperial household was called \_\_\_\_\_
- Diwan
  - Khan I Saman
  - Qazi
  - Mir Baksh
- 16) Which officer was in charge of charitable and religious donations?
- Sadr
  - Mir Atish
  - Mansabdar
  - Diwan
- 17) The \_\_\_\_\_ was the governor of the Province
- Qazi
  - Subedar
  - Sadr
  - Vazir
- 18) A province was called a \_\_\_\_\_
- Pargana
  - Suba
  - Jagirdar
  - Iqta
- 19) The \_\_\_\_\_ performed executive and ministerial duties at the local level
- Qazi
  - Vazir
  - Muhtasib
  - Kotwal
- 20) The \_\_\_\_\_ maintained law and order in the Pargana
- Faujdar
  - Sadr
  - Provincial qazi
  - Muhtasib

- 21) The minister in charge of artillery was the \_\_\_\_\_
- Mir Baksh
  - Sadr
  - Mir Atish
  - Qazi
- 22) During Aurangzeb's rule there were \_\_\_\_\_ provinces.
- 8
  - 10
  - 15
  - 20
- 23) The Wakianavis was in charge of \_\_\_\_\_.
- Artillery
  - Royal corresponding
  - Royal household
  - Charity
- 24) The \_\_\_\_\_ sometimes acted as the deputy of the king
- Vakil
  - Qazi
  - Muhtasib
  - Diwan
- 25) What was the department of intelligence called?
- Diwan-i-Qazirat
  - Darogha – i- Dak Chauki
  - Diwan – I – Ariz
  - Karkhana
26. The Qanungo and Amal Guzar were \_\_\_\_\_ officers.
- Revenue
  - Religious
  - Judicial
  - Military
27. The author of the book '*Rise of the Maratha Power*' is
- Gopal Krishna Gokhale
  - Justice Ranade
  - V D Savarkar
  - Dadabhai Naoroji

- 28) Who could be said to be the spiritual *guru*/advisor to Shivaji
- Saint Tukaram
  - Saint Dnyaneshwar
  - Chakradhar Swami
  - Swami Ramdas
- 29) The *Jagiri* bestowed upon Shahaji Bhosle by Adilshah of Bijapur included
- Poona
  - Nashik
  - Amravati
  - Thane
- 30) Shivaji began his phase as a conqueror by capturing which fort in 1646.
- Bijapur
  - Golconda
  - Torana
  - Lohagad
- 31) To assure Adilshah of restraining his political activities and to secure release of Shahaji, Shivaji restored which fort to Adil Shah in 1648
- Daulatabad
  - Torana
  - Panhala
  - Kondana
- 32) The strategically important fort of Javali was a principality under which Maratha family
- More
  - Bhosale
  - Jadhav
  - Patil
- 33) Who was appointed as the manager of Kalyan district after its capture by Shivaji in 1658
- Tanaji Malusare
  - Abaji Sondev
  - Baji Prabhu Deshpande
  - Yesaji Kank
- 34) Who took up the management of affairs at Bijapur after the death of Muhammad Adilshah in 1656.
- Qutubshah
  - Bari Begum

- c. Nizamshah
- d. Bari Sahiba

- 35) Which religious center of Maharashtra was desecrated by Afzalkhan on the way to Wai to subdue Shivaji
- a. Khanderao temple at Jejuri
  - b. Shani temple at Shanishingnapur
  - c. Bhavani temple at Tuljapur
  - d. Mahalaxmi temple at Kolhapur
- 36) The meeting of Shivaji and Afzalkhan took place at the foothill of the fort of
- a. Pratapgarh
  - b. Raigad
  - c. Rajgarh
  - d. Panhala
- 37) Who was given the viceroyalty of Deccan province by Aurangzeb in the year 1659?
- a. Afzal khan
  - b. Mirza Raja Jaisingh
  - c. Shaista khan
  - d. Prince Muazzam
- 38) What was the residential place of Shivaji which was taken over by Shaista Khan when he occupied Poona ?
- a. Neel Mahal
  - b. Lal Mahal
  - c. Hawa Mahal
  - d. Lal Qila
- 39) Babar's autobiography was called \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Tuzuk i Babari
  - b. Babar ki kahani
  - c. Shahnama
  - d. Padshanama
- 40) Babar's autobiography was written in \_\_\_\_\_ language.
- a) Turkish
  - b) Turki
  - c) Persian
  - d) Arabic
- 41) Shahjahan built the \_\_\_\_\_ as a mosoleum for his wife Mumtaz.
- a) Red Fort
  - b) Taj Mahal

- c) Moti Masjid
  - d) Agra Fort
- 42) Shahjahan built the Taj Mahal as a mosoleum for his wife \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Noor Jahan
  - b) Mariam uz Zamani
  - c) Hamida Begum
  - d) Mumtaz
- 43) Akbarnama was written by \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Amir Kusreau
  - b) Ziauddin Barani
  - c) Abul Fazal
  - d) Akbar
- 44) The Mughal Emperors, Babar and \_\_\_\_\_ wrote their autobiographies.
- a) Humayun
  - b) Jehangir
  - c) Akbar
  - d) Shahjahan
- 45) \_\_\_\_\_ built the Buland Darwaza to mark his victory over Gujarat.
- a) Babar
  - b) Akbar
  - c) Shahjahan
  - d) Aurangzeb
- 46) The Red Fort was built by \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Babar
  - b) Akbar
  - c) Shahjahan
  - d) Aurangzeb
- 47) \_\_\_\_\_ is the tomb of Akbar.
- a) The Taj Mahal
  - b) Sikandar
  - c) Moti Masjid
  - d) Agra Fort
- 48) Akbar's new capital city was called \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Agra
  - b) Ferozabad
  - c) Fatehpur Sikri
  - d) Shahanabad

- 49) Akbar was the devotee of the Sufi saint \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Salim Christi
  - b) Moinuddin
  - c) Rumi
  - d) Nizam ud din Auliya
- 50) The Sikh guru \_\_\_\_\_ was put to death by Aurangzeb.
- a) Gobind Singh
  - b) Tegh Bahadur
  - c) Guru Nanak
  - d) Guru Har Gobind